

## **GOLIAD COUNTY, TEXAS**

## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



## GOLIAD COUNTY

## COUNTY OFFICIALS

COUNTY JUDGE	MIKE BENNETT
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS	
PRECINCT 1	KENNETH EDWARDS
PRECINCT 2	DAVID YOUNG
PRECINCT 3	KIRBY BRUMBY
PRECINCT 4	KEVIN FAGG
COUNTY ATTORNEY	TIM POYNTER
COUNTY TREASURER	CHRISTINA HERNANDEZ
COUNTY AUDITOR	LEIGH LOCKWOOD
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR	MICHELLE GARCIA
COUNTY/DISTRICT CLERK	VICKIE QUINN
SHERIFF	ROY BOYD

#### GOLIAD COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Goliad County, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate fund remaining information of Goliad County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregated remaining fund information of Goliad County, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Goliad County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Goliad County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Goliad County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of changes and contributions for net pension liability and total other post-employment benefit liability as referred to in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Goliad County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information (as identified in the table of contents) and the schedules of expenditures of federal (as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards) and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2024 on our consideration of Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Armstrong, Vauspen & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. May 10, 2024

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Goliad County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position was \$14.9 million at September 30, 2023, an increase of \$2.0 million. Revenues and expenses increased from the Operation Lone Star public safety grant.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7.7 million, an increase of \$383 thousand. Revenues were higher than anticipated (\$468 thousand) and expenditures were under budget in total (\$151 thousand). Fund balance increased \$383 thousand more than expected.
- The road and bridge fund reported a fund balance this year of \$533 thousand, an increase of \$8 thousand. The County budgeted to spend from \$200 thousand from fund balance.

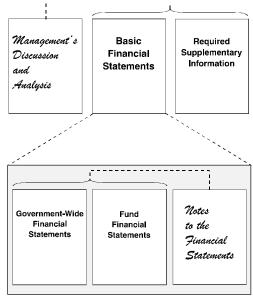
#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's* discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

Figure A-1, Required Components of

the County's Annual Financial Report



Detail

Summary The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the

information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



Figure A-2. Major Features of the County's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements					
		Fund S	tatements		
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Scope	Entire County's government	The activities of the County	Activities the County		
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	handles for other individuals,		
	and the County's component	fiduciary	organizations, or		
	units		governments.		
Required financial	• Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	• Statement of Fiduciary		
			Net Position		
statements	<ul> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	• Statement of revenues,	Statement of changes		
		expenditures & changes	in Fiduciary Net Position.		
		in fund balances			
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and		
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus		
focus		financial resources focus			
Type of	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,		
asset/liabilitiy	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,		
information	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	and short-term and long-		
		year or soon thereafter;	term		
		no capital assets included			
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash	All additions and deductions		
inflow/outflow	expenses during year,	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of		
information	regardless of when cash	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or		
	is received or paid	expenditures when goods	paid		
		or services have been			
		received and payment is			
		due during the year or			
		soon thereafter.			

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the County's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the County include the *Governmental activities*. All of the County's basic services are included here, such as administration, public safety and public transportation. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The County's combined net position was \$14.9 million at September 30, 2023. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1								
County's Net Position								
		Govern	me	ntal				
		Acti	vitie	S	Percentage			
		2023		2022	Change			
Assets:								
Current Assets	\$	12,136,736	\$	11,441,696	6.1			
Capital Assets (net)		3,367,218		2,074,541	62.3			
Other Assets		1,128,886		3,156,490	(64.2)			
Total Assets		16,632,840		16,672,727	(0.2)			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		501,868		453,018	10.8			
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities		1,930,188		1,845,605	4.6			
Long-term Liabilities		168,730		143,875	17.3			
Total Liabilities		2,098,918		1,989,480	5.5			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		138,957		2,230,749	(93.8)			
Net Position:								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,367,218		2,074,541	62.3			
Restricted		2,009,503		1,889,215	6.4			
Unrestricted		9,520,112		8,941,760	6.5			
Total Net Position	\$ 14,896,833 \$ 12,905,516 15.4							

The unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the County next year.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds*—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Commissioners' Court establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has the following kinds of funds:

• *Governmental funds*—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

• *Fiduciary funds*—The County collects and holds funds for various other entities such as property taxes for other governments, vehicle registrations for the State and court settlements for minors. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because they are not resources for the County to use on operations.

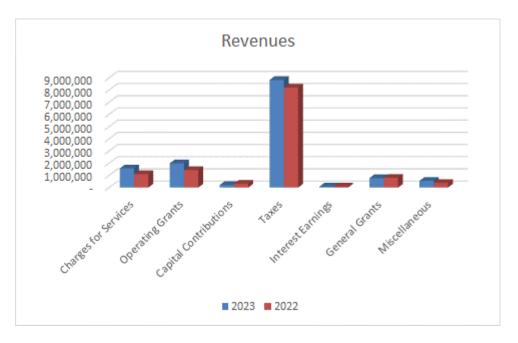
#### **Governmental Activities**

Table A-2 summarizes the changes in the County's net position for the 2023 and 2022 fiscal years.

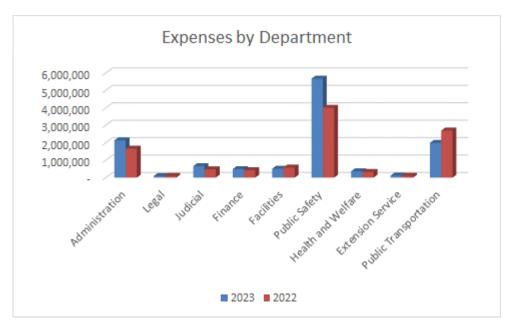
8		•		
				Percentage
		2023	2022	Change
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,571,883	\$ 1,102,187	42.6
Operating Grants and				
Contributions		1,988,094	1,432,185	38.8
Capital Contributions		209,758	317,698	(34.0)
General Revenues:				
Taxes		8,785,413	8,200,417	7.1
Interest Earnings		87,497	91,479	(4.4)
General Grants and Donations		779,435	802,130	(2.8)
Miscellaneous		601,445	376,998	59.5
TOTAL REVENUES		14,023,525	12,323,094	13.8
Progam Expenses:				
Administration		2,136,852	1,660,212	28.7
Legal		90,483	101,200	(10.6)
Judicial		657,742	476,364	38.1
Finance		487,911	427,669	14.1
Facilities		510,590	576,527	(11.4)
Public Safety		5,676,595	4,006,587	41.7
Health and Welfare		361,156	327,792	10.2
Extension Service		116,990	107,842	8.5
Public Transportation		1,993,889	2,702,721	(26.2)
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	12,032,208	10,386,914	15.8
Change in Net Position		1,991,317	1,936,180	2.8
Beginning Net Position		12,905,516	10,969,336	
Ending Net Position	\$	14,896,833	\$ 12,905,516	

 Table A-2

 Changes in County's Net Position



Most revenues increased for 2023, but the make-up of the revenue did not change much.



In 2022, the County undertook several street improvement projects, increasing public transportation expenses. Transportation spending has returned to more historical levels in 2023. Public safety spending has increased for outfitting a new EMS building and a full year of Operation Lone Star grant operations.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of September 30, 2023, the County had invested \$22.0 million in buildings and equipment. Significant additions in 2023 included several vehicles, a new ambulance and a new EMS facility. (See Table A-3.)

## Table A-3

#### County's Capital Assets

	Govern Activ	Total Percentage	
	2023	2022	Change
Land	\$ 44,657	\$-	100.0
Buildings and Improvements	15,481,214	14,944,146	3.6
Vehicles and Equipment	6,503,068	5,373,229	21.0
Totals at Historical Cost	22,028,939	20,317,375	8.4
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,661,721)	(18,242,834)	2.3
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,367,218	\$ 2,074,541	62.3

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Long Term Debt

As of September 30, 2023, the County had no debt.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types were \$13.8 million. Nineteen percent of the revenues (\$2.6 million) were from grants and donations, some of which were pandemic related. Governmental expenditures were \$13.4 million, an increase of \$1.6 million. Half of the increase was in capital outlay for public safety vehicles and a new EMS facility.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The County's actual expenditures in the General Fund were under budget overall by \$151 thousand. Revenues were higher than the budget by \$468 thousand. Fund balance increased \$383 thousand compared to a break even budget.

The Road and Bridge fund revenues were \$101 thousand more than budgeted while expenditures were \$100 thousand under budget in total. Fund balance increased \$8 thousand compared to an anticipated reduction of \$200 thousand in fund balance.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2023-2024 budget decreased the property tax rate from 0.791813 per \$100 of valuation to 0.777943, however revenue is expected to increase by approximately 9% from new properties and increased valuations. General fund spending is expected to increase about 10%, some of which will be funded by the American Rescue Plan grant. The County does not anticipate any significant changes to County services or operations.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County at (361) 645-3337.



#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
  - Governmental Funds
    - Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

#### GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,794,676
Certificates of Deposit	1,764,336
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net)	605,610
Other Receivables (net)	685,173
Prepaid Expenses	286,941
Total Current Assets	12,136,736
Capital Assets:	
Land	44,657
Buildings and Improvements	15,481,214
Vehicles and Equipment	6,503,068
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,661,721)
Total Capital Assets	3,367,218
Other Assets:	
Net Pension Asset	1,128,886
TOTAL ASSETS	16,632,840
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	501,868
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 501,868

#### GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES	Activities	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 717,967	
Accrued Wages	224,372	
Unearned Revenue	877,174	
Accrued Compensated Absences	110,675	
Total Current Liabilities	1,930,188	
Total Carrent Liabilities	1,950,100	
Long-term Liabilities:		
Total Other Post-employment Benefit Liability	58,056	
Accrued Compensated Absences	110,674	
Total Long-term Liabilities	168,730	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,098,918	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	138,957	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	138,957	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,367,218	
Restricted for:	5,507,218	
Elections	695	
Legal	90,059	
Judicial	35,260	
Public Safety	399,393	
Records Management	85,546	
Sheriff	2,164	
Library	397,085	
Road and Bridge Maintenance	532,569	
Other Restrictions	204,972	
Rural Transit	261,760	
Unrestricted	9,520,112	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,896,833	
	Ψ 11,070,033	



## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Net Position		
Functions and Programs	Expenses	Charges Service		Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Total
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Administration	\$ 2,136,852	\$ 166,	52 \$ 45,797	- \$	\$ (1,924,903)
Legal	90,483	19,			82,766
Judicial	657,742	172,8	345 1,435	5 -	(483,462)
Finance	487,911	55,9			(431,973)
Facilities	510,590				(510,590)
Public Safety	5,676,595	1,025,0	1,253,123	125,357	(3,273,018)
Health and Welfare	361,156	53,4	404 31,921	-	(275,831)
Extension Service	116,990				(116,990)
Public Transportation	1,993,889	79,0			(1,328,472)
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,032,208	\$ 1,571,8	\$ 1,988,094	\$ 209,758	(8,262,473)
General Revenues:					
Taxes					
Ad Valorem Taxes					8,777,145
Mixed Beverage					8,268
Interest and Investment Earnings					87,497
General Grants and Donations					779,435
Miscellaneous					601,445
Total General Revenues					10,253,790
Change in Net Position					1,991,317
Net Position at Beginning of Yea Net Position at End of Year	ır				12,905,516 \$ 14,896,833

#### GOLIAD COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Major Fund	Major Fund	Major Fund	
	General	Road &	American	
	Fund	Bridge	Rescue Plan	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,048,572	\$ 651,531	\$ 864,597	
Certificates of Deposit	1,567,325	-	-	
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net)	605,610	-	-	
Other Receivables (net)	39,799	22,217	-	
Due from Other Funds	274,960	-	-	
Prepaid Items	277,241			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,813,507	\$ 673,748	\$ 864,597	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	7			
Liabilities:	ф <u>а 17 го</u> а	ф. 100 <b>с 7 2</b>	¢	
Accounts Payable	\$ 347,593	\$ 108,573	\$ -	
Accrued Wages	167,892	32,606	-	
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	
Unearned Revenue	-	-	864,597	
Total Liabilities	515,485	141,179	864,597	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	605,610	-	-	
Total Liabilities	605,610			
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	277,241	-	-	
Restricted for:				
Elections	-	-	-	
Legal	-	-	-	
Judicial	-	-	-	
Public Safety	-	-	-	
Records Management	-	-	-	
Sheriff	-	-	-	
Library	-	-	-	
Road and Bridge Maintenance	-	532,569	-	
Other Restrictions	-	-	-	
Rural Transit	-	-	-	
Unassigned	7,415,171	-	-	
Total Fund Balances	7,692,412	532,569		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND				
	¢ 0012507	¢ (77 710	¢ 061507	
FUND BALANCES	\$ 8,813,507	\$ 673,748	\$ 864,597	

Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,229,978 197,012 623,156 - 9,700	\$ 8,794,678 1,764,337 605,610 685,172 274,960 286,941
\$ 2,059,846	\$ 12,411,698
\$ 261,800 23,875 274,960 12,577 573,212	\$ 717,966 224,373 274,960 877,174 2,094,473
	<u>605,610</u> <u>605,610</u>
9,700	286,941
695 90,059 35,260 399,393 85,546 2,164 397,085 - 204,972 261,760	695 90,059 35,260 399,393 85,546 2,164 397,085 532,569 204,972 261,760 7,415,171
1,486,634	9,711,615

\$ 2,059,846 \$ 12,411,698



#### GOLIAD COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	9,711,615	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,367,218	
Net Pension Assets and total other post employment benefit liabilities (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) do not represent current financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds.			
Total Other Post-employment Benfit Liability(58,056)			
Net Pension Asset 1,128,886			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows 501,868			
Pension Related Deferred Inflows (138,957)		1,433,741	
Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, not reported in the funds.			
Accrued Compensated Absences		(221,349)	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue in the funds.		605,608	
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	14,896,833	

#### GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

REVENUES	Major Fund General Fund		Major Fund Road & Bridge		Major Fund American Rescue Plan	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	7,655,678	\$	999,588	\$	
Mixed Beverage Taxes	φ	7,055,078 8,268	φ	999,300	φ	-
Fines and Forfeitures		,		-		-
		167,788 672,402		-		-
Charges for Services		,		-		-
Licenses, Permits, and Fees Interest Income		102,140		432,452		-
		63,246		5,225		7,443
Miscellaneous Income		264,127		221,396		-
Grants and Donations		230,628		84,401		449,557
TOTAL REVENUES		9,164,277		1,743,062		457,000
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administration		1,656,380		-		-
Legal		75,757		-		-
Judicial		638,257		-		-
Finance		485,798		-		-
Facilities		500,025		-		-
Public Safety		4,332,053		-		-
Health and Welfare		283,781		-		-
Extension Service		115,300		-		-
Public Transportation		-		1,647,814		-
Capital Outlay		378,119		492,979		458,178
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,465,470		2,140,793		458,178
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenue Over						
(Under) Expenditures		698,807		(397,731)		(1,178)
()				(		(-,- , -, -,
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>						
Sale of Capital Assets		38,600		70,983		-
Transfers In (Out)		(354,381)		334,381		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(315,781)		405,364		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		383,026		7,633		(1,178)
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>		7,309,386		524,936		1,178
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	7,692,412	\$	532,569	\$	-

Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ -	\$ 8,655,266		
φ = -	\$ 8,055,200 8,268		
299,882	467,670		
50,767	723,169		
	534,592		
8,677	84,591		
211,551	697,074		
1,865,215	2,629,801		
2,436,092	13,800,431		
50,400	1,706,780		
16,902	92,659		
9,054	647,311		
-	485,798		
-	500,025		
1,195,357	5,527,410		
64,969	348,750		
-	115,300		
169,859	1,817,673		
826,018	2,155,294		
2,332,559	13,397,000		
103,533	403,431		
- 20,000	109,583		
20,000	109,583		
20,000	107,505		
123,533	513,014		
1,363,101	9,198,601		
\$ 1,486,634	\$ 9,711,615		



#### GOLIAD COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** \$ 513,014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	1,835,161	
Depreciation Expense	(535,318)	1,299,843
Governmental funds report the gross proceeds from the sale of car In the statement of activities, the proceeds are reduced by the n value of the capital assets disposed. This amount represents the value of the capital assets disposed.	et book	(7,166)
Governmental funds report compensated absences when they are	e due and	
payable, while the statement of activities recognizes interest exp		
and compensated absences when incurred. This amount repres	ents	
The difference between absences earned and paid.		(46,464)
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pe other post-employment benefits as expenditures. However, in th of Activities the expense for the pension is recorded based on th determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that the actuaria expense fell short of (exceeded) actual contributions.	e Statement ne actuarially	
Pension	113,035	
Other Post-employment Benefits	(1,624)	111,411
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide curre resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	nt financial	120,679
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACT	IVITIES	\$ 1,991,317

#### GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	684,236
Certificates of Deposit		134,578
TOTAL ASSETS		818,814
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u> </u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, Organizations and other Governments		818,814
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	818,814

#### GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	1 unus
Ad Valorem Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 11,493,828
Cash Bonds	93,500
Inmate Deposits	49,813
Motor Vehicle Collections for the State	1,288,534
Other Additions	76,716
TOTAL ADDITIONS	13,002,391
DEDUCTIONS	
Cash Bond Refunds and Forfeitures	26,500
Refunds to Inmates	38,889
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	11,482,584
Motor Vehicle Distributions to the State	1,235,444
Other Distributions	159,259
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	12,942,676
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	59,715
<b>BEGINNING NET POSITION</b>	759,099
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 818,814

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Goliad County ("County") is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas formed in 1837. The County is 25 miles from the Gulf of Mexico in south central Texas. The County is governed by four elected Commissioners (divided into precincts) and the elected County Judge. The County provides the following services: general government (administration, judicial, legal, elections and financial administration), public safety (corrections, constables, and sheriff), public transportation (road/bridge maintenance, and rural transportation services), health and extension services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

#### Component Units

Component units are legally separate entities that are, in substance, part of the government's operations; thus, data from these units, would be combined with data of the primary government. The County does not have any component units.

#### 2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund meet the criteria as *major funds*.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types which have been accrued consist of revenue from taxes, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

**Governmental fund level financial statements** are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property and sales taxes. Primary expenditures are for general administration, judicial, and public safety.

**<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>** is used to account for property taxes and licenses committed to road and bridge maintenance in the County.

<u>American Rescue Plan Fund</u> is used to account for Federal grant revenue for pandemic recovery.

**Fiduciary fund level financial statements** are used to account resources held for others. The County's custodial funds holds property taxes for other governments, motor vehicle fees for the State and various other settlements.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the County. For the County, this includes investments in local government investment pools that are liquid and maintain a stable net asset value.

#### 5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

The County reports investments in certificates of deposit at amortized cost. Investments in local government investment pools are reported as net asset value of \$1 per share, which approximates fair value. Investments in local government pools are liquid and available on demand. Thus, they are reported in cash and cash equivalents.

#### 6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE/REVENUE RECOGNITION

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2022 and past due after January 31, 2023. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 7. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

#### 8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements.

#### 9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure assets include County-owned streets, water system, and sewer system. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Life
Buildings and Improvements	15-50 years
Vehicles and Equipment	3-10 years

#### 10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time employees earn paid time off and vacation leave at varying rates depending on length of service. Unused paid time off is not paid on termination and is not accrued in these financial statements. Vacation leave is paid on termination. Accumulated, unused vacation time is accrued as incurred in the government-wide statements. However, it is recognized on the governmental fund statements when it is due and payable.

#### 11. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources). Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 12. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate sections following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

#### 13. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt (including capital leases) and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 14. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows, and outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS), and additions to and deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 15. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

# NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 16. FUND BALANCES

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The Commissioners' Court may delegate authority for assignments to other officials in the County.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the County.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the County considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

#### 17. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

# NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### 1. <u>Deposits</u>

The County's depository provides a combination of pledged collateral and FDIC insurance to completely collateralize the County's deposits, including certificates.

#### 2. <u>Investments</u>

As of September 30, 2023, the County's investments consisted of \$1,764,336 in certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds that are both carried at amortized cost.

The County has materially complied with the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act, by investing in qualified vehicles, adopting an investment policy, naming an investment officer, and attending the required training.

# NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The County's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the County. Assessed values are established by the Goliad County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2022, upon which the fiscal 2023 levy was based, was \$1.1 billion (i.e., market value less exemptions).

The County is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Taxes for voter approved debt service are generally unlimited. The tax rates per \$100 of assessed value for the year ended September 30, 2023 was 0.712490 to finance general governmental services and 0.0796640 to finance road and bridge maintenance. Generally, the County may only increase the maintenance and operations tax levy 3.5% each year without first obtaining voter approval.

#### **NOTE D -- RECEIVABLES**

Receivables for the County as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

	General		Road &		Nonmajor	
		Fund	I	Bridge	_	Funds
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	757,012	\$	-	\$	-
Allowance for Doubtful Tax Accounts		(151,402)		-		-
EMS Services		554,373		-		-
Allowance for Doubtful EMS Accounts		(516,339)		-		-
Grant Receivable		-		22,187		623,156
Other Receivables		1,765		30		-
Total Other Receivables	\$	645,409	\$	22,217	\$	623,156

# NOTE E -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity in the governmental funds for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/2022	Additions	Disposals/ Additions Transfers	
Governmental Activities				
Land	\$ -	\$ 44,657	\$ -	\$ 44,657
Buildings and Improvements	14,944,146	537,068	-	15,481,214
Vehicles and Equipment	5,373,229	1,253,436	(123,597)	6,503,068
	20,317,375	1,835,161	(123,597)	22,028,939
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment	(14,292,948) (3,949,886)	(37,453) (497,865)	116,431	(14,330,401) (4,331,320)
	(18,242,834)	(535,318)	116,431	(18,661,721)
Governmental Activities, Net	\$ 2,074,541	\$ 1,299,843	\$ (7,166)	\$ 3,367,218

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Facilities	\$ 88,322
Finance	870
Public Safety	278,000
Public Transportation	157,735
Health	 10,391
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 535,318

# NOTE F -- LONG TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2022	1	Additions	R	eductions	Balance 9/30/2023
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated Absences	\$ 174,885	\$	133,907	\$	(87,443)	\$ 221,349
OPEB Liability	56,432		8,012		(6,388)	58,056
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 (3,156,490)		2,738,373		(710,769)	(1,128,886)
Total Government	\$ (2,925,173)	\$	2,880,292	\$	(804,600)	\$ (849,481)

The General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund are generally charged with servicing these obligations.

# NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

The County participates as one of 830 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for County and District employees in the State of Texas. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration and management of the system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. A member is vested after 8 years but must leave his accumulated contributions in the plan. Members who withdraw their personal contributions are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the employer. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute.

At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the County-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	77
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	147
Active employees	99
	323

# NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually. The actuarially determined rates were 6.37% and 5.31% for the calendar years of 2022 and 2023, respectively. The County contributed \$3,908 more than the required amount for the year ending September 30, 2023.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County has adopted a matching rate of 150%. Employees may not take a partial lump sum on retirement.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The County's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022 and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	0.0 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5 Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.7% average including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to
-	commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The
	average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and
	120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both
	projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

# NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equities	11.5%	4.95%
Global Equity	2.5%	4.95%
International Developed Markets	5.0%	4.95%
International Emerging Markets	6.0%	4.95%
Investment Grade Bonds	3.0%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	9.0%	3.39%
Direct Lending	16.0%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	4.0%	7.60%
REIT Equities	2.0%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.0%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.0%	5.70%
Private Equity	25.0%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	6.0%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	2.0%	0.20%
-	100%	_

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability (or asset) was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability (or asset).

# NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate					
	1%	Decrease		7.60%	19	% Increase
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	766,959	\$	(1,128,886)	\$	(2,737,369)

# Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2022:

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension bility (Asset)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	15,233,048	\$	18,389,538	\$ (3,156,490)
Changes for the year:		<u> </u>		· · ·	
Service Cost		512,932		-	512,932
Interest		1,166,404		-	1,166,404
Change of Benefit Terms		-		-	-
Difference Between Expected and					
Actual Experience		(147,411)		-	(147,411)
Changes of Assumptions		-		-	-
Refund of Contributions		(76,296)		(76,296)	-
Benefit Payments		(735,681)		(735,681)	-
Administrative Expense		-		(10,010)	10,010
Contributions - Employee		-		308,558	(308,558)
Net Investment Income		-		(1,059,037)	1,059,037
Contributions - Employer		-		280,788	(280,788)
Other Changes		-		(15,978)	 15,978
Net Changes		719,948		(1,307,656)	 2,027,604
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	15,952,996	\$	17,081,882	\$ (1,128,886)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.TCDRS.com.

# NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$159,788. Also as of September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred		
	Ou	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between Expected and		_			
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	104,572	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		34,385	
Differences Between Projected and					
Actual Investment Earnings		305,664		-	
Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		196,204			
	\$	501,868	\$	138,957	

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$196,204 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Plan Year ended December 31,	
2023	\$ (312,946)
2024	(61,676)
2025	51,854
2026	489,475
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 166,707

#### NOTE H -- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

Eligible retirees of the County may participate in the health insurance plan of the County at the retiree's cost. Employees are eligible at the earliest of age 60 with 8 years of service, 30 years of service at any age or the sum of age and service of 75. Retirees are eligible for medical benefits as provided in the plan until medicare eligibility (generally 65 years of age).

#### **NOTE H -- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)**

Membership in the plan as September 30, 2022, the last valuation date, consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active employees	83
	84

The County does not maintain a separate trust for this plan and is not accumulating assets to service the other post-employment benefit. Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of employees attaining eligibility. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	4.77% (2.27% real rate of return plus 2.50% inflation)
Mortality Rates	RPH-2013 Total Table with Projection MP-2021
Health Care Trend Rates	Level trend rate of 4.50%
Participation Rates	Assumed 25% of all active employees who currently have
	coverage will continue with coverage upon retirement. Those
	those with family coverage, 25% will elect to continue with
	coverage including the spouse and the reminder will elect
	individual coverage.

The TOL of the County's retiree insurance benefit is calculated using a discount rate of 2.27% (plus 2.5% inflation) and a health care cost trend rate of 4.5%. The following tables present the sensitivity of the TOL to a 1% swing in the discount rate and health care cost trend rate:

	Healthcare							
	_1% ]	Decrease	Tre	end Rate	1% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	52,809	\$	58,056	\$	64,262		
			Disc	ount Rate				
	_1% ]	1% Decrease		4.77%	1%	Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	62,213	\$	58,056	\$	54,282		

# **NOTE H -- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)**

The County's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) is based on the above actuarial factors and an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022 rolled forward to September 30, 2023. The TOL was calculated as follows:

	al OPEB iability
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 56,432
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	5,224
Interest	2,788
Change of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and	
Actual Experience	-
Changes in Assumptions or Other	
Inputs	-
Benefit Payments	 (6,388)
Net Changes	 1,624
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ 58,056

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$8,012. The County recognized no deferred inflows or outflows as of September 30, 2023 related to the benefit.

#### NOTE I -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The County contracts with the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool ("Pool") to provide insurance coverage for liability, property and casualty, auto liability and workers compensation. The Pool is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the County is generally limited to the contributed amounts for losses up to coverage limits.

# NOTE J – TAX ABATEMENTS

The County provides tax abatements to incentivize development and provide economic growth in the County. Guidelines were adopted to identify eligible projects which must be reasonably expected to have an economic impact of \$10 million over the life of the abatement.

As of September 30, 2023, the County had three such agreements. The County will abate 100% of the incremental property tax revenue generated by the projects for a term of 10 years. In exchange, the businesses will make a payment in lieu of taxes each year based on the output of the facilities. Construction of the facilities is not yet complete and no taxes have been abated.

#### **NOTE K – INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The following transfers occurred during the year ending September 30, 2023:

From	То	Amount		Purpose
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	20,000	Grant Match
General Fund	Road and Bridge		334,381	Supplement Other Revenues
		\$	354,381	

# **NOTE L -- LITIGATION**

The County is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the County's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the County, will not have a material effect on the County's financial position.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes Total Other Post-employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 7,757,911	\$ 7,757,911	\$ 7,655,678	\$ (102,233)
Mixed Beverage Taxes	8,000	8,000	8,268	268
Fines and Forfeitures	58,050	58,250	167,788	109,538
Charges for Services	489,749	543,749	672,402	128,653
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	79,325	72,775	102,140	29,365
Interest Income	15,000	15,000	63,246	48,246
Miscellaneous Income	29,200	34,000	264,127	230,127
Grants and Donations	180,200	206,550	230,628	24,078
TOTAL REVENUES	8,617,435	8,696,235	9,164,277	468,042
				,
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration:				
County Judge	158,589	156,508	140,086	16,422
County Clerk	281,819	281,719	281,078	641
Nondepartmental	898,791	898,791	854,525	44,266
Elections	90,164	90,164	110,769	(20,605)
Information Technology	295,869	295,869	269,922	25,947
Legal:				
County Attorney	73,547	73,547	75,757	(2,210)
Judicial:				
District Court	320,646	320,646	365,342	(44,696)
Justices of the Peace	235,322	235,322	215,469	19,853
Justice Court	13,600	13,600	55,416	(41,816)
Judicial Court	11,850	11,850	2,030	9,820
Finance:				
County Auditor	137,898	137,898	134,560	3,338
County Treasurer	126,897	126,897	131,471	(4,574)
Tax Assessor	234,861	234,861	219,767	15,094
Facilities	446,591	446,591	500,025	(53,434)
Public Safety:				
Emergency Medical Services	1,280,507	1,291,107	1,233,642	57,465
Fire	109,000	109,000	109,000	-
Constables	71,760	71,760	61,272	10,488
County Sheriff	2,908,125	2,927,925	2,777,831	150,094
Other	\$ 159,723	\$ 161,803	\$ 150,308	\$ 11,495

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance
<b>EXPENDITURES (CONT.)</b>				
Current (Cont.):				
Health and Welfare:				
Health	\$ 198,229	\$ 198,229	\$ 112,845	\$ 85,384
Recreation	23,401	23,401	20,717	2,684
Library	154,024	154,024	150,219	3,805
Extension Service	117,144	117,144	115,300	1,844
Capital Outlay	238,800	238,300	378,119	(139,819)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,587,157	8,616,956	8,465,470	151,486
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	30,278	79,279	698,807	619,528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)				
Sale of Equipment	-	-	38,600	38,600
Transfer In (Out)	(30,278)	(79,279)	(354,381)	(275,102)
TOTAL OFS	(30,278)	(79,279)	(315,781)	(236,502)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	383,026	383,026
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	7,309,386	7,309,386	7,309,386	-
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,309,386	\$ 7,309,386	\$ 7,692,412	\$ 383,026

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Actual		
	Budget A	Amounts	Amounts		
	Original	Final	(Budgetary)	Variance	
REVENUES					
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,032,249	\$ 1,032,649	\$ 999,588	\$ (33,061)	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	320,575	320,575	432,452	111,877	
Interest Income	4,300	4,300	5,225	925	
Miscellaneous Income	-	200,000	221,396	21,396	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,357,124	1,557,524	1,658,661	101,137	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public Transportation					
Precinct 1	119,105	119,105	110,515	8,590	
Precinct 1 Special	438,307	362,234	329,565	32,669	
Precinct 2	118,974	146,134	129,002	17,132	
Precinct 2 Special	324,330	279,303	186,603	92,700	
Precinct 3	116,974	109,374	109,885	(511)	
Precinct 3 Special	372,989	302,964	271,639	31,325	
Precinct 4	96,924	96,924	96,120	804	
Precinct 4 Special	346,708	321,833	308,984	12,849	
Capital Outlay	150	396,996	492,979	(95,983)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,934,461	2,134,867	2,035,292	99,575	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(577,337)	(577,343)	(376,631)	200,712	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)					
Sale of Capital Assets	_	_	70,983	70,983	
Transfer In	377,337	377,343	334,381	(42,962)	
TOTAL OFS	377,337	377,343	405,364	28,021	
Net Change in Budgetary					
Fund Balance	\$ (200,000)	\$ (200,000)	28,733	\$ 228,733	
Fund Datance	\$ (200,000)	\$ (200,000)	26,755	\$ 220,733	
Budgetary Perspective Differences					
Grants and Donations			84,401		
Grant Expenditures			(105,501)		
Net Change in Fund Balance			\$ 7,633		

### GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

**Budgetary Information** – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The County maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by Commissioners' Court and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

The County uses encumbrances throughout the year, however all encumbrances are closed at year end. Accordingly, no encumbrances are reported in these financial statements.

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST NINE PLAN (CALENDAR) YEARS

Total Pension Liability									
	2014			2015		2016			
Service Cost	\$	384,264	\$	424,576	\$	497,816			
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		848,264		882,544		912,537			
Changes of Benefit Terms		26,165		(68,257)		-			
Change of Assumptions		-		136,472		-			
Difference between Expected									
and Actual Experience		(31,186)		(146,637)		(324,481)			
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(824,443)		(865,702)		(855,866)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		403,064		362,996		230,006			
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1	0,675,366		11,078,430		11,441,426			
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 1	1,078,430	\$	11,441,426	\$	11,671,432			

Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
	2014	2015	2016						
Contributions - Employer	\$ 240,203	\$ 329,790	\$ 271,465						
Contributions - Employee	230,332	256,468	275,799						
Net Investment Income	749,355	70,595	829,580						
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions	(824,443)	(865,702)	(855,866)						
Administrative Expense	(8,600)	(8,123)	(9,015)						
Other	36,605	59,184	(89,222)						
Net Change	423,452	(157,788)	422,741						
Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Postion	10,974,971	11,398,423	11,240,635						
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Postion	\$ 11,398,423	\$ 11,240,635	\$ 11,663,376						
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ (319,993)	\$ 200,791	\$ 8,056						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	102.89%	98.25%	99.93%						
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,290,453	\$ 3,663,829	\$ 3,939,980						
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-9.72%	5.48%	0.20%						

Information for this schedule is being accumulated prospectively until a rolling ten year period is available.

Total Pension Liability											
2	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	487,077 951,268	\$	475,144 996,227	\$	490,446 1,056,559	\$	500,662 1,074,044	\$	466,858 1,114,783	\$	512,932 1,166,404
	- 62,946		-		-		- 746,557		(103,153)		-
(	(134,574)		47,211		(592,737)		(126,677)		(18,896)		(147,411)
(	(845,392)		(752,246)		(827,324)		(666,789)		(840,379)		(811,977)
	521,325		766,336		126,944		1,527,797		619,213		719,948
11	,671,432	1	2,192,757		12,959,093		13,086,037		14,613,834		15,233,047
\$ 12	,192,757	\$ 1	2,959,093	\$	13,086,037	\$	14,613,834	\$	15,233,047	\$	15,952,995
				Р	lan Fiduciar	y Ne	t Position				
2	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	243,728 275,622 ,697,202	\$	221,201 266,967 (245,825)	\$	209,853 261,382 2,047,899	\$	237,293 269,651 1,460,337	\$	191,563 282,303 3,346,194	\$	280,788 308,558 (1,059,037)
(	(845,392) (8,660) (4,451)		(752,246) (10,015) (33,244)		(827,324) (10,775) (10,222)		(666,790) (11,287) (2,339)		(840,379) (9,949) (6,136)		(811,977) (10,010) (15,978)
1	,358,049		(553,162)		1,670,813		1,286,865		2,963,596		(1,307,656)
11	,663,376	1	3,021,425		12,468,263		14,139,076		15,425,941		18,389,537
\$ 13	,021,425	\$ 1	2,468,263	\$	14,139,076	\$	15,425,941	\$	18,389,537	\$	17,081,881
\$ (	(828,668)	\$	490,830	\$	(1,053,039)	\$	(812,107)	\$	(3,156,490)	\$	(1,128,886)
	106.80%		96.21%		108.05%		105.56%		120.72%		107.08%
\$ 3	,937,453	\$	3,813,816	\$	3,734,035	\$	3,852,161	\$	4,032,898	\$	4,407,970
	-21.05%		12.87%		-28.20%		-21.08%		-78.27%		-25.61%

# GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	in R the A De	tributions Relation to Actuarially termined ntribution	De	stribution ficiency (xcess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2023	\$	261,998	\$	265,906	\$	(3,908)	\$ 4,715,624	5.6%
2022		256,704		256,704		-	4,352,772	5.9%
2021		201,350		201,350		-	3,881,379	5.2%
2020*		237,293		237,293		-	3,852,161	6.2%
2019*		209,853		209,853		-	3,734,035	5.6%
2018*		221,201		221,201		-	3,813,816	5.8%
2017*		243,728		243,728		-	3,937,453	6.2%
2016*		271,465		271,465		-	3,939,980	6.9%
2015*		270,024		329,790		(59,766)	3,663,829	9.0%
2014*		240,203		240,203		-	3,290,453	7.3%

\*Information on a fiscal year basis was not available for these years. Calendar year is presented.

# Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Changes in Plan Provisions:

2015: Employer contributions reflect that a 30% CPI COLA was adopted. 2017: New annuity purchase rates for benefits earned after 2017.

# Changes in Assumptions:

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions

2017: New mortality assumptions

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions.

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

Total OPEB Liability							
		2022		2023			
Service Cost	\$	5,224	\$	5,224			
Interest		2,715		2,788			
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-			
Difference between Expected							
and Actual Experience		-		-			
Changes in Assumptions or							
Other Inputs		-		-			
Benefit Payments		(6,388)		(6,388)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,551		1,624			
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		54,881		56,432			
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	56,432	\$	58,056			
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,166,122		\$ 3,430,054				
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.78%		1.69%			

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Information for this schedule is being accumulated prospectively until a rolling ten year period is available.



# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Combining Statements Nonmajor Funds
- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Road and Bridge

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Special Revenue							
	Rural Transit			Records Management		Law Library		County Library
ASSETS	¢	226565	¢	100.054	¢	42 005	¢	202 820
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$	236,565	\$	100,054	\$	43,005	\$	202,820 197,012
Other Receivables		31,623		-		-		197,012
Prepaid Items		51,025		-		-		_
r reputer terns								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	268,188	\$	100,054	\$	43,005	\$	399,832
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,886	\$	14,508	\$	167	\$	1,036
Accrued Wages		4,542		-		-		1,711
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned Grant Revenue		-				-		-
Total Liabilities		6,428		14,508		167		2,747
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Elections		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		42,838		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Records Management		-		85,546		-		-
Sheriff		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		397,085
Other Restrictions		-		-		-		-
Rural Transit		261,760				_		-
Total Fund Balances		261,760		85,546		42,838		397,085
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	268,188	\$	100,054	\$	43,005	\$	399,832

	Special Revenue										
Co	Jail Court ommissary Technology			Court ecurity	H	istorical Culture		cellaneous Grants Fund		IAVA Grant	
\$	33,649	\$	24,888	\$	10,444	\$	68,847	\$	-	\$	13,272
	- - -		- 9,700		- -				- 115,124		- -
\$	33,649	\$	34,588	\$	10,444	\$	68,847	\$	115,124	\$	13,272
\$	10,901	\$	72	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,626	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		5,526		- - 12,577
	10,901		72						35,152		12,577
	-		9,700		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		695
	-		- 24,816		- 10,444		-		-		-
	22,748		,		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		- 68,847		- 79,972		-
	-		-		-		-			_	-
	22,748		34,516		10,444		68,847		79,972		695
\$	33,649	\$	34,588	\$	10,444	\$	68,847	\$	115,124	\$	12 272
¢	33,047	φ	54,300	\$	10,444	\$	00,04/	φ	113,124	<u>Ф</u>	13,272

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Special Revenue							
		Pretrial	At	County Attorney		EMS rants &		orfeiture
	D	iversion	Hot Check		Donations		Funds	
ASSETS	¢	45 707	¢	1 (01	¢	20 (((	¢	244.022
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	45,797	\$	1,681	\$	20,666	\$	244,923
Certificates of Deposit Other Receivables		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-
Trepate trents								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	45,797	\$	1,681	\$	20,666	\$	244,923
LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	117	\$	140	\$	-	\$	12,321
Accrued Wages		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned Grant Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		117		140		-		12,321
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Elections		-		-		-		-
Legal		45,680		1,541		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		20,666		232,602
Records Management		-		-		-		-
Sheriff		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		-
Other Restrictions		-		-		-		-
Rural Transit		-				-		-
Total Fund Balances		45,680		1,541		20,666		232,602
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	45,797	\$	1,681	\$	20,666	\$	244,923

Special Revenue																			
I	Public					0	peration	Misc	cellaneous	Total									
S	Safety	S	heriff	Ał	oandoned	andoned Lone		S	Special	Nonmajo	or								
T	raining	Do	onations		/ehicles		Star		Star		Star		Star		Star		evenue	Funds	
\$	18,829	\$	2,164	\$	106,221	\$	-	\$	56,153	\$ 1,229,9	78								
	-		-		-		-		-	197,0									
	-		-		-		476,409		-	623,1									
			-						-	9,7	00								
\$	18,829	\$	2,164	\$	106,221	\$	476,409	\$	56,153	\$ 2,059,8	346								
			<u> </u>																
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,673	\$	189,353	\$	-	\$ 261,8	300								
	-		-		-		17,622		-	23,8									
	-		-		-		269,434		-	274,9									
	-		-		-		-		-	12,5	577								
	-		-		1,673		476,409		-	573,2	12								
	-		-		-		-		-	9,7	00								
	-		-		-		-		-	6	595								
	-		-		-		-		-	90,0	159								
	-		-		-		-		-	35,2	:60								
	18,829		-		104,548		-		-	399,3	93								
	-		-		-		-		-	85,5	46								
	-		2,164		-		-		-	2,1									
	-		-		-		-		-	397,0	185								
	-		-		-		-		56,153	204,9	72								
			-		-		-		-	261,7	60								
	18,829		2,164		104,548		-		56,153	1,486,6	34								
\$	18,829	\$	2,164	\$	106,221	\$	476,409	\$	56,153	\$ 2,059,8	46								

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Special Revenue						
	Rural Transit	Records Management	Law Library	County Library			
REVENUES							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Charges for Services	7,134	37,584	5,020	1,029			
Interest Income	1,474	319	248	2,980			
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	359			
Grants and Donations	141,431			31,745			
TOTAL REVENUES	150,039	37,903	5,268	36,113			
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:							
Administration	-	38,400	-	-			
Legal	-	-	751	-			
Judicial	-	-	-	-			
Public Safety	-	-	-	-			
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	56,871			
Public Transportation	169,859	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	169,859	38,400	751	56,871			
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,820)	(497)	4,517	(20,758)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In (Out)	20,000						
Net Change in Fund Balance	180	(497)	4,517	(20,758)			
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	261,580	86,043	38,321	417,843			
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 261,760	\$ 85,546	\$ 42,838	\$ 397,085			

	Special Revenue										
Jail Court Commissary Technology			Court Security			Historical Culture		cellaneous Grants Fund		AVA rant	
\$	-	\$	208	\$	3,366	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	179		217		73		411		507		-
	38,005		-		-		8,221		-		-
	-		-		-		3,189		369,350		-
	38,184		425		3,439		11,821		369,857		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		2,525		6,529		-		-		-
	42,069		-		-		-		58,406		-
	-		-		-		8,098		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		1,712		1,200		-		321,704		
	42,069		4,237		7,729		8,098		380,110		
	(3,885)		(3,812)		(4,290)		3,723		(10,253)		-
											-
	(3,885)		(3,812)		(4,290)		3,723		(10,253)		-
	26,633		38,328		14,734		65,124		90,225		695
\$	22,748	\$	34,516	\$	10,444	\$	68,847	\$	79,972	\$	695

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Special Revenue							
	County	EMS					
	•		Forfeiture				
Diversion	Hot Check	Donations	Funds				
\$ 18.580	\$ 30	\$	\$ 277,698				
φ 10,500 -	\$ <u>50</u>	φ –	\$ 211,098				
276	10	304	880				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	87,427	-				
18,856	40	87,731	278,578				
-	-	-	-				
16,151	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	121,403	95,389				
-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-				
-			-				
16,151		169,931	95,389				
2,705	40	(82,200)	183,189				
2,705	40	(82,200)	183,189				
42.975	1.501	102.866	49,413				
\$ 45,680	\$ 1,541	\$ 20,666	\$ 232,602				
	16,151 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & & & & & \\ \hline Pretrial & & & & \\ \hline Diversion & & & & \\ \hline Hot Check \\ \$ & 18,580 & \$ & 30 \\ & & & & \\ \hline 276 & & 10 \\ & & & & \\ \hline 276 & & 10 \\ & & & & \\ \hline 276 & & & 10 \\ & & & & \\ \hline 10 & & & & \\ \hline 276 & & & & \\ \hline 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ \hline 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ \hline 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & & \\ 10 & & & \\ 10 & & & \\ 10 & & & \\ 10 & & & \\ 10 & & & \\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				

Special Revenue											
I	Public					Ope	ration	Misc	ellaneous	-	Fotal
S	Safety	Sh	eriff	Abano		Lone		Special		No	nmajor
T	raining	Don	ations	Veh	cles	S	tar	R	evenue	F	Funds
					_						
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	<b>\$</b> 2	299,882
	-		-		-		-		-		50,767
	157		14		564		-		64		8,677
	-		-	13	8,222		-		26,744		211,551
	2,086		592		-		28,395		1,000	-	865,215
	2,243		606	13	8,786	1,22	28,395		27,808	2,	436,092
	-		-		-		-		12,000		50,400
	-		-		-		-		-		16,902
	-		-		-		-		-		9,054
	11,003		873	8	0,693	7	85,521		-	1,	195,357
	-		-		-		-		-		64,969
	-		-		-		-		-		169,859
	-				0,000		42,874		-		826,018
	11,003		873	9	0,693	1,2	28,395		12,000	2,	332,559
	(8,760)		(267)	4	8,093		-		15,808		103,533
					-		_				20,000
	(8,760)		(267)	4	8,093		-		15,808		123,533
	27,589		2,431	-	6,455		-		40,345		363,101
\$	18,829	\$	2,164	\$ 10	4,548	\$	_	\$	56,153	\$1,	486,634

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,048,572	\$ 5,590,322
Certificates of Deposit	1,567,325	1,553,310
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net)	605,610	484,931
Other Receivables	39,799	36,071
Due From Other Funds	274,960	262,461
Prepaid Items	277,241	238,517
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,813,507	\$ 8,165,612
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
<b>RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES</b>		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 347,593	\$ 213,418
Accrued Wages	167,892	157,877
Total Liabilities	515,485	371,295
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenues	605,610	484,931
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid Items	277,241	238,517
Unassigned	7,415,171	7,070,869
Total Fund Balance	7,692,412	7,309,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED		
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND		
FUND BALANCES	\$ 8,813,507	\$ 8,165,612

#### GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 7,655,678	\$ 6,940,399
Mixed Beverage Taxes	8,268	9,783
Fines and Forfeitures	167,788	112,233
Charges for Services	672,402	581,928
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	102,140	118,908
Interest Income	63,246	63,726
Miscellaneous Income	264,127	337,042
Grants and Donations	230,628	364,838
TOTAL REVENUES	9,164,277	8,528,857
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Administration	1,656,380	1,723,096
Legal	75,757	104,973
Judicial	638,257	469,939
Finance	485,798	497,923
Facilities	500,025	624,079
Public Safety	4,332,053	3,876,258
Health and Welfare	283,781	278,826
Extension Service	115,300	107,510
Capital Outlay	378,119	30,575
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,465,470	7,713,179
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	698,807	815,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Sale of Capital Assets	38,600	-
Transfers Out	(354,381)	(20,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(315,781)	(20,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	383,026	795,678
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	7,309,386	6,513,708
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,692,412	\$ 7,309,386
	ψ 1,092,712	φ 7,509,500



# GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022		
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 651,531	\$	537,623	
Other Receivables	 22,217		28,904	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 673,748	\$	566,527	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 108,573	\$	12,202	
Accrued Wages	32,606		29,389	
Total Liabilities	 141,179		41,591	
Fund Balances:				
Committed for:				
Road and Bridge Maintenance				
Precinct 1	74,691		43,909	
Precinct 1 Special	19,835		55,747	
Precinct 2	113,988		69,788	
Precinct 2 Special	21,211		21,611	
Precinct 3	198,432		129,795	
Precinct 3 Special	-		57,865	
Precinct 4	59,562		53,752	
Precinct 4 Special	 44,850		92,469	
Total Fund Balance	 532,569		524,936	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 673,748	\$	566,527	

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Precinct 1	Precinct 2	Precinct 3	Precinct 4
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 188,084	\$ 240,175	\$ 309,197	\$ 262,132
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	108,113	108,113	108,470	107,756
Interest Income	860	1,310	1,803	1,252
Miscellaneous Income	55,319	55,339	60,645	50,093
Grants and Donations				-
TOTAL REVENUES	352,376	404,937	480,115	421,233
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Transportation	110,515	129,002	109,885	96,120
Public Transportation - Special	329,565	186,603	271,639	308,984
Capital Outlay	142,803	133,597	141,683	74,896
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	582,883	449,202	523,207	480,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUS OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(230,507)	(44,265)	(43,092)	(58,767)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)				
Sale of Capital Assets	16,500	17,750	36,733	-
Transfers In (Out)	208,875	70,316	17,131	16,959
TOTAL OFS	225,375	88,066	53,864	16,959
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,132)	\$ 43,801	\$ 10,772	\$ (41,808)

**BEGINNING FUND BALANCE ENDING FUND BALANCE** 

CTIF	Fund Totals		
Grant	2023	2022	
	¢ 000 500	ф. 1 017 744	
\$ -	\$ 999,588	\$ 1,217,744	
-	432,452	417,300	
-	5,225	7,141	
-	221,396	4,532	
84,401	84,401	128,546	
84,401	1,743,062	1,775,263	
105,501	551,023	857,456	
-	1,096,791	1,280,045	
-	492,979	12,811	
105,501	2,140,793	2,150,312	
(21,100)	(397,731)	(375,049)	
-	70,983	15,075	
21,100	334,381		
21,100	405,364	15,075	
<u>\$ -</u>	7,633	(359,974)	
	524,936	884,910	
	\$ 532,569	\$ 524,936	



## COMPLIANCE SECTION



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

County Commissioners Goliad County

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Goliad County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Goliad County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Goliad County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that were communicated to management in a separate letter dated May 10, 2024.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

May 10, 2024



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS UNIFORM GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

County Commissioners Goliad County

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We have audited Goliad County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, *State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards*, which includes the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (UGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. Goliad County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Goliad County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in and the audit requirements of the UGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the UGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Goliad County's state programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Goliad County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the UGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Goliad County's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Goliad County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of UGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

May 10, 2024



Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM** AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

County Commissioners Goliad County

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Goliad County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. Goliad County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Goliad County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Goliad County's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Goliad County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Goliad County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Goliad County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance between the type of compliance of the type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

May 10, 2024

### GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

## A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Any material weaknesses identified? Yes X No Yes X No Any significant deficiencies identified? Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted? Yes <u>X</u> No 2. State Awards Internal control over major programs: Any material weaknesses identified? Yes X No Any significant deficiencies identified? Yes <u>X</u> No Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with TX Single Audit Circular? Yes <u>X</u> No Identification of major programs: Name of State Program **Operation Lone Star** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and type B Programs: \$300,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes <u>X</u> No **B.** Financial Statement Findings NONE C. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs NONE D. Prior Audit Findings Related to State Awards NONE

## GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

## A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
2. Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No
Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:		
<u>Federal Program</u> Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds		ance Listing 7
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and type B Programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
B. Financial Statement Findings: NONE		
C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs: NONE		
D. Prior Audit Findings Related to Federal Awards: NONE		

D. Prior Audit Findings Related to Federal Awards: NONE

## GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

State Grantor/				
Pass-Through Grantor/	Grant		State	
Program Title	Number	Expenditures		
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Direct Programs				
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund	N/A	\$	84,401	
Passed through Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission				
Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	N/A		14,852	
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			99,253	
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION				
Direct Program				
Formula Grant	N/A		153,876	
TOTAL TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION			153,876	
TEXAS COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS				
Direct Program				
Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education Fund (LEOSE)	N/A		3,838	
TOTAL TEXAS COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS	1.0.1 1		3,838	
TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY				
Direct Program				
Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA)	N/A		30,731	
TOTAL COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY			30,731	
TEXAS GOVERNOR				
Direct Program				
Border Star	N/A		7,947	
Operation Lone Star	N/A	1	,228,395	
TOTAL TEXAS GOVERNOR		1	,236,342	
TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL				
Direct Program				
Statewide Automated Victim Notification Service	N/A		6,932	
TOTAL TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL			6,932	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS		\$ 1	,530,972	
		ΨΙ	,550,772	

## GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Passed Through Golden Crescent Regional Planning Com						
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	N/A	<u>\$ 126,579</u>			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATI	ION		126,579			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY						
Passed Through Texas Governor's Office						
Operation Stonegarden Program	97.067	N/A	13,103			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SEC	CURITY		13,103			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						
Direct Program	16,606		2 704			
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	16.606	N/A	2,784			
IOTAL U.S. DEFARIMENT OF JUSTICE			2,784			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY						
Direct Program						
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	449,557			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY	7		449,557			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT						
Passed through Texas General Land Office						
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	C271	12,580			
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture	11.220	0271	12,500			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	CDV21	309,124			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND U			321,704			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 913,727			

### GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards include the grant activity of the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Federal and state grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of the State of Texas Single Audit Circular ("Audit Circular") and Uniform Guidance. The Audit Circular was issued under the authority of the Texas Government Code, Chapter 783, entitled Uniform Grant and Contract Management. This circular sets standards for obtaining consistency and uniformity among state agencies for the coordinated audit of local governments expending any state awards. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the County.

During the year ending September 30, 2023, the County did not provide any federal or state awards to subrecipients.

The County did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed by Uniform Guidance.